USPAS Graduate Accelerator Physics Homework 2

Due date: Wednessday January 24, 2024

1 Twiss Parameter Propagation

(a) Prove Equations 3.34 and 3.35.

2 Drift Twiss Parameters

Consider a long field-free required adjacent to a collision point.

- (a) Use Equation 3.34 to show that the β -function evolves with s like $\beta(s) = \beta^* + \frac{(s-s_0)^2}{\beta^*}$.
- (b) How does $\alpha(s)$ evolve?
- (c) How does the phase $\phi(s)$ evolve?
- (d) What is the largest phase advance possible, across a field-free region?
- (e) Why are optics often displayed as $\sqrt{\beta}$, rather than β vs s?

3 FODO Beta/Dispersion Ratio

Consider the close connection between η_x and β_x in well-matched cells.

- (a) Construct a lattice file (eg using MADX) to represent a FODO cell similar to that shown in textbook Figure 3.5, with thin quads of strength $\pm q$ separating 10 short dipoles of bend angle $\theta/10$. (It is not necessary to include any drifts, unless you wish to do so.)
- (b) Set the value of q to deliver a matched phase advance $\Delta \phi$ of 60 or 90 degrees.
- (c) Use eg MADX to generate a table of η_x and β_x values between s = 0, s = 2L
- (d) Does the ratio $\eta_x/\sqrt{\beta_x}$ for the lattice appear approximately constant? What is its approximate value (arithmetic mean, perhaps)?
- (e) What is the largest deviation of $\eta_x/\sqrt{\beta_x}$ from the mean value? What percentage of the mean value is this? At which lattice element does it occur?

4 Twiss Parameters from 6D M Matrix

Suppose that the following one-turn matrix M transforms motion from s = 0 to s = C around the circumference of an accelerator:

(-1.05746)	-3.59421	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	35.44680 _\
0.00189	-0.93923	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.82369
0.00000	0.00000	1.72622	-72.45113	0.00000	0.00000
0.00000	0.00000	0.05149	-1.58161	0.00000	0.00000
-0.80399	-36.25338	0.00000	0.00000	1.00000	-50.03916
0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	1.00000 /

- (a) What are the fractional parts of the horizontal and vertical tunes?
- (b) What are the horizontal Twiss functions (β, α, γ) at s = 0?
- (c) What is the dispersion function and its slope, η and η' , at s = 0?